

THOUSANDS CONVERTED

Louisville Evangelistic Campaign Swept the City With Force.

SEVEN THOUSAND CONVERTS RESULT.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 27.—The end of the general evangelistic campaign came with last night's services, but in many of the churches the work will be continued for one or two weeks longer. After estimating the number of conversions at yesterday's services, the revival managers say that they believe the total for the entire two weeks will be nearer 7,000 than 6,000, while about 12,000 persons signed the cards to indicate a desire to lead a Christian life. It is thought that fully 75,000 different persons heard the preaching at one or more meetings, while the total attendance at all the meetings will go well up into the hundreds of thousands.

Dr. J. P. Calhoun believes that about 1,000 conversions were accomplished yesterday, which, in addition to the 2,000 during the first week, 3,000 on Decision Day and 2,000 during the last week, brings the result well up to 7,000.

DIES NEAR NEBO.

Mr. Joe Mullen Passes Away After a Short Illness.

Mr. Joe Mullen, aged 94 years and one of the pioneer settlers of McLean county, died last Thursday night near Nebo from an attack of la grippe. Mr. Mullen lived near Sacramento and was on a visit to his daughter who lives near Nebo when taken ill and after an illness of about eleven days passed away.

The interment took place in the family graveyard at Sacramento on Friday. He leaves several children one of whom is Mrs. Mary Hodge, of this city. He was well known here having visited his daughter at this place frequently. The sympathy of the community is extended to sorrowing relatives in this their dark hour of trouble.

DR. HARPER TO RETURN TO WORK.

Will Resume His University Duties as Soon as He Leaves the Hospital.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Dr. William R. Harper intends to return to the University of Chicago, teach his Bible classes, conduct his duties as President of the institution, and live the life he has lived for the last decade as soon as he is able to leave the hospital.

With no hope for his ultimate recovery offered by his physicians, the noted educator will make no radical changes in his daily duties. Dr. Harper will work to complete in detail plans for the future of the school which he has had in mind for more than ten years, and which he has never fully made public. This will consume much of his time.

He is believed to have passed the crisis and his removal from the hospital in two weeks is almost a certainty.

Advertised Letters.

(For week ending Feb. 28, 1905.) Johnnie Baker, L. L. Bowers, Bertha Allen, Jimmie Bowers, Alice Goodloe, John Gill, Ben Frazier, Jim Gray, Dan Humphrey, James Hall, W. H. Johnson, Lonnie Long, George King, Alice Morris, Ed. Morris, Julia Women, John Porter, Mary Owen and M. A. Twyman. One cent due on advertised letters.

JACK S. MOORE DIES.

Sudden End of Popular Young Insurance Man at Hopkinsville.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 27.—Jack S. Moore, aged thirty-four years of age, one of the most prominent insurance men of the State, holding the position of special agent of the Hanover Insurance Company for Kentucky and Tennessee, died suddenly at his home here last night of heart disease. He had been indisposed for several days, but had been at his office Saturday, and the end was entirely unexpected.

He was a member of the Christian Church and the Masonic and Knights of Pythias Lodges. His mother and one brother, Durrett Moore, of Chicago, survive him. Interment will take place here tomorrow afternoon.

GONE HOME.

Mrs. J. J. Lipscomb Died at Her Home Here Last Thursday.

Mrs. Veturia B. Lipscomb, the wife of J. J. Lipscomb, of this city, died at her home last Thursday after a lingering illness. She was the daughter of Col. J. D. and Mrs. Nancy Gordon Hardwick and a cousin of W. L. Gordon, Sr., of Madisonville. She joined the Southern Methodist church when quite young and remained a member for a number of years afterwards uniting herself with the Cumberland Presbyterians and was a consistent member of this church up until the time of her death. She was interred in the Earlington cemetery Friday afternoon in the presence of a number of friends. She leaves an aged husband and three children to mourn her loss. Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord.

AFTER FORTY YEARS

Draft of 1863 in Kentucky is Declared Illegal.

On or about the first of February, 1863, President Lincoln ordered a draft of 500,000 men in the United States. Kentucky had been pretty liberal in sending volunteers to the army and thousands were still going, and for this and other reasons the draft was not enforced until 1864.

Now, after a period of forty years, the Court of Claims of the United States has declared the draft not legal on the ground that Kentucky had already furnished her quota.

The chances are good for a large amount of money to be returned to some of the older citizens and heirs of others, as each one drafted was released from service in the army on the payment of \$300. If this amount together with accrued interest is now returned to each one who preferred paying to service in the army it will amount to more than a thousand dollars in each case. If this money is returned it will be the means of bringing sunshine into many needy homes in many counties in this end of Kentucky.

JACK CHINN SEES ROOSEVELT.

"My Kind of a Man, He Does Things," Says the Kentuckian.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Col. Jack Chinn, of Kentucky, made an early call on President Roosevelt this morning to pay his respects.

"Roosevelt is my kind of a man," said Col. Jack. "He does things. Changed my politics? Not at all; I am a Roosevelt-Bryan Democrat."

"UNEASY LIES THE HEAD THAT WEARS A CROWN."



WEBSTER COUNTY FARMERS

Three Million Pounds of Tobacco Sampled and Ready for Sale.

PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF ASSOCIATION AUTHORIZED TO SELL THE CROP AT AGREED PRICES.

(Special to THE BEE.)

Slaughtersville, Ky., Feb. 27.—The Webster County Tobacco Association held its semi-monthly meeting in Dixon last Saturday. Every section where the association exists was represented except Ontario. The executive committee after a short, harmonious session made, in substance, the following report:

First, that the three million pounds of tobacco now held by the association was sampled and now ready to be offered for sale.

Second, President Ben Watson, Dixon, and Secy. J. V. Poole, Poole, be authorized to negotiate said sale either by correspondence or otherwise to the local buyers or to foreign manufacturers or buyers.

Third, that all tobacco now stripped be hung up or kept in safe keeping condition. That what is to be stripped yet be so managed by hanging up or any other method, that no one may loose anything on getting tobacco damaged while down and waiting for a sale to be effected.

Fourth, that each delegate constitute himself a committee to canvass his respective territory to ascertain the sentiment of the tobacco growers as to the expediency of curtailing the next crop and report same at the next meeting. Should the sentiment to curtail prevail steps to that end will be submitted, agreed upon, and taken at once.

Fifth, that the association next meet in Sebree March 11 at 9 o'clock a. m.

While the committee was formulating its report the court house had been filled by farmers and sympathizers in the tobacco move and had been entertained by lawyers, Harris and Bourland, with telling speeches. The report of the committee was received without a dissenting vote.

Secretary Poole made a nice talk that was well received. Calls for I. G. Nance were made, but owing to his weak physical condition, having just recovered from a nine days seige of la grippe, was unable to respond further than to excuse himself and thank the crowd for its courtesy.

Mr. J. A. Aldridge was next called and responded in a pointed and telling speech of five minutes or more. Jim Raikes, of the Dixon Journal, was next called forth and the many things that Jim said and the way he said them showed that Jim was loaded for this occasion, so much so that Louis Hancock, formerly of Henderson county, who was next called, was forced to confess, with one exception, Jim had made the best speech he had ever heard on the subject of the present tobacco situation and the workings of the A. S. of E.

Mr. Hancock also held the audience quite a while in presenting telling points that showed him to be no novice in ex-temporaneous speech-making.

It is hoped that the weather may be favorable for the Sebree meeting as an effort will be made to an effort will be made to get some able speakers there as well as to groom some of our lesser lights or local celebrities for that occasion.

You will observe Mr. Editor, from the foregoing that the contest is on in these ends of the earth. The price set by the association is 8¢ for all dark western tobacco and 6¢ for green, nondescript and drowned tobacco. It is estimated that it costs all told six dollars to produce a hundred pounds of tobacco. Granting that to be true it will be seen that 8¢ is no extortionate price for tobacco. That the merchant who sells a pair of brogan shoes for \$1.35 that cost \$1.00 makes a higher per cent. profit than does the farmer who sells a pound of tobacco at 8¢ that cost 6¢ to produce; that when he sells for less than 6¢ he sells at a sacrifice. But there is a change coming. The farmer is going to awake ere long. He will assist in making prices instead of allowing the other fellow to do the price making. See if he doesn't. NED.

GEN. WHEELER'S DAUGHTER

Will Be Sponsor for the South at Next Confederate Reunion.

Louisville, Ky., February 26.—Gen. Stephen D. Lee, commander in chief of the United confederate veterans, has announced the appointment of Miss Carrie Peyton Wheeler, daughter of Gen. Joseph Wheeler, to be sponsor for the South at the confederate reunion to be held in Louisville, June 14, 15 and 16. Miss Wheeler has selected Miss Lena Swift, of Atlanta, and Miss Clara Hall, of Louisville, to be her maids of honor.

Box Party.

A box party will be given at the Armory Friday night, March 10th, for the purpose of raising funds to add another room to the Methodist parsonage. The parsonage now has only three rooms and as Rev. King, the present minister, has a large family they are consequently very much inconvenienced. The program of the party will be as follows: Each lady, young or otherwise, who will, is requested to prepare a lunch in a box and place her name therein. These boxes will be sold to the gentlemen at 25 cents each and the gentleman purchasing the box will share his lunch with the lady whose name is found on the inside. Both before and after the lunch appropriate games will be instituted for the amusement of the children and the younger people. The invitation is open to all who will accept and it is hoped a large number will respond, remembering the worthy object for which it is given.

MORMON TITHING SYSTEM.

Government and State Salaries and Even Those of School Teachers Must Pay Tribute.

Washington, March 1.—Senator Kearns, of Utah, in the course of a farewell speech in the senate, Tuesday, in which he inveighed bitterly against the Mormon hierarchy, referred to the tithing system. He said that no accounting was made of this vast sum of one-tenth of the incomes of all the Mormons, and that the president of the church expended it according to his own will. He said the hopelessness of contending in a business way with this autocrat was perfectly apparent, and continued:

"It will astound you to know that every dollar of United States money paid to any servant of the government, who is a Mormon, is tithed for the benefit of this monarch. Out of every thousand dollars thus paid he gets \$100 to swell his grandeur. This is also true of money paid out of the public treasury of the state of Utah to Mormon officials. But what is worst of all, the monarch dips into the sacred public school fund and extracts from every Mormon teacher one-tenth of his or her earnings and uses it for his unaccounted purposes; and by means of these purposes and the power which they constitute, he defies the laws of his state, the sentiment of his country, and is waging war of nullification on the public school system so dear to the American people."

FOR THE INAUGURATION.

Governors of Fourteen States Will Participate in the Inauguration of President Roosevelt.

Washington, March 1.—With the great bulk of the arrangements for the inauguration of President Roosevelt on March 4 completed, the work has narrowed down to winding up the final details.

The governors of 14 states are expected to participate in the parade. They are: Governors Bell of Vermont; Roberts of Connecticut; Cobb of Maine; McLane of New Hampshire; Higgins of New York; Cummins of Iowa; Warner of Michigan; Blanchard of Louisiana; Pennypacker of Pennsylvania; Montague of Virginia; Glenn of North Carolina; Herrick of Ohio, and Warfield of Maryland.

Gov. Cummins of Iowa has arrived here. He announced that 65 high school boys of Iowa are coming to join the high school representation in the parade.

The brigadier-general commanding the United States marine corps has announced the detail of a regiment of two battalions of marines for the inaugural parade. These will number about 600 men, exclusive of the Marine band.

GETTING READY

Details for the Inauguration Rapidly Being Perfected.—Governors of Fourteen States

WILL BE IN PARADE.

Washington, D. C., March 1st.—With the great bulk of the arrangements for the inauguration of President Roosevelt on March 4 completed the work today narrowed down to winding up the final details. The headquarters of the Inaugural Committee was a busy scene and Chairman Wilson and Secretary Hitchcock greeted a host of visitors and conferred with their corps of committee assistants. One of the first arrivals today was a band of Sioux Indians, who told the committee that they were anxious to participate in the parade in their native regalia. Gen. Wilson referred them to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. They cannot be assigned places in the procession, but may be given some outside honorary duties in connection with the inaugural ceremonies. The Indian representation in the parade will consist of the delegation of half a dozen famous warrior chiefs, recently announced, and a cadet battalion of 300 of the Indians from the Carlisle Indian school at Carlisle, Pa. The Carlisle Band of fifty pieces will accompany the battalion.

The Governors of fourteen States are expected to participate in the parade. They are:

Govs. Bell, Vermont; Roberts, Connecticut; Cobb, Maine; McLane, New Hampshire; Higgins, New York; Lea, Delaware; Cummins, Iowa; Warner, Michigan; Blanchard, Louisiana; Pennypacker, Pennsylvania; Montague, Virginia; Glenn North Carolina; Herrick, Ohio, and Warfield, Maryland.

The influx of inaugural visitors has begun, and all the railroads entering Washington have made preparations to handle an immense crowd from every quarter of the country. Some of the regular troops, including the Seventh United States cavalry, from Georgia, and 300 troopers of the Ninth cavalry, from Missouri, have arrived. Capt. Seth Bullock, former Sheriff of Deadwood county, S. D., and a personal friend of President Roosevelt, who will command a detachment of cowboys in the parade, reached here ahead of his detachment in order to arrange for their reception.

All along the line of march and adjacent streets flags and bunting are displayed on buildings, reviewing stands have been built on both sides of Pennsylvania avenue at frequent intervals between the Capitol and the White House.

Complaint is made that Tom Lawson is slow in reaching the climax of his story. Wall Street says there will be no climax.

The Sick.

Mrs. Lem Owen and son are both quite ill this week with cold and grippe.

Mr. James Priest is quite ill this week with a severe cold.

The eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Smiley, is ill with cold and grippe.

The family of Mr. Wm. Vinson is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. Henry Clements, who has been ill for sometime, is improving.

Mrs. Joe Brown has been ill for several days, but is improving.

Mr. Clarence Fox, who has been ill with rheumatism for sometime, is no better.

Mr. Henry Clay Smith is able to be out again.

Special to Advertisers.

The late Jay Cooke said of his efforts to sell the bonds of the government during the civil war period: "My greatest assistance came from the newspapers. They helped me convince the farmers that the government bonds were the safest investment they could make, and then the securities began to disappear into the pockets of the men I wanted to have them." Mr. Cooke was advised to spend \$100 in advertising the bonds, but his first outlay in that line was \$10,000.—Globe-Democrat.